# Change is in the Air

What's the Same & What's New in WBBA II



Ryan Brady WBBA II Science Coordinator Wisconsin DNR



Wisconsin Bird Conservation Initiative

Promoting the enjoyment, study, and conservation of Wisconsin's birds.







Q





### **ABOUT THE ATLAS**

ABOUT THE ATLAS GET INVOLVED HANDBOOK & **MATERIALS** 

**ADDITIONAL** RESOURCES

**SUBMIT** DATA

Home / Atlas



### TRAINING EVENTS Attend a session to learn about the atlas





### About the Atlas

#### Conserve Wisconsin birds by joining our bird survey

Birds are an essential part of Wisconsin's culture and ecology. Yet many species face grave threats from habitat loss, climate change, and other human-caused pressures and nearly one-third are imperiled or will be without intervention. To conserve them, we need a current understanding of birds that rely on Wisconsin to breed and

raise their young, Wisconsin Breeding Bird Atlas II mobilizes volunteers across the state to accomplish this — we need your help to document which birds are breeding in your area!

#### What is the Atlas?

The Wisconsin Breeding Rind Atlas II is a comprehensive field survey that documents the



Home

About

**Submit Observations** 

**Explore Data** 

My eBird

Help

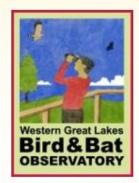
Hello Ryan Brady (ryanbrady) | Preferences | Sign Out

### Welcome to Wisconsin Breeding Bird Atlas II

Birding in the 21st Century.









### **News and Features**

### <u>Understanding when to use the Atlas Portal vs. the Wisconsin eBird Portal</u> 25 February, 2015

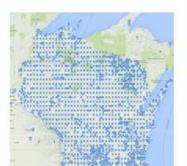
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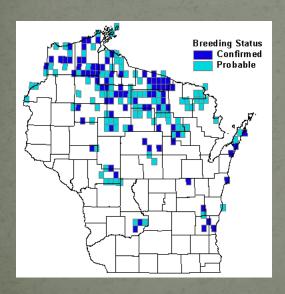
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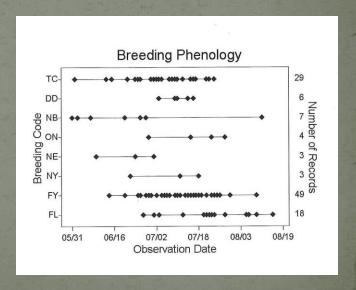
### About This Project

## The basic premise hasn't changed...

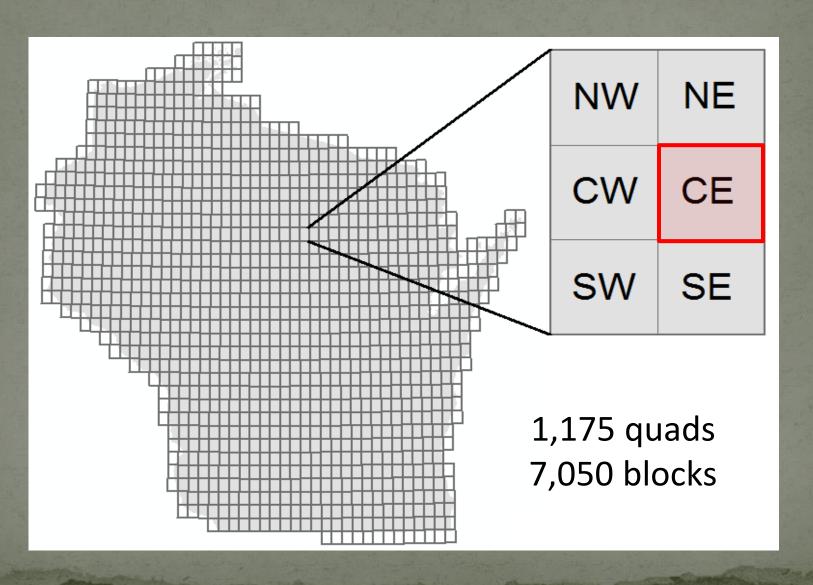
- Five years of field work: 2015 2019
- Determine distribution, relative abundance, and nesting phenology of breeding birds statewide within a systematic framework

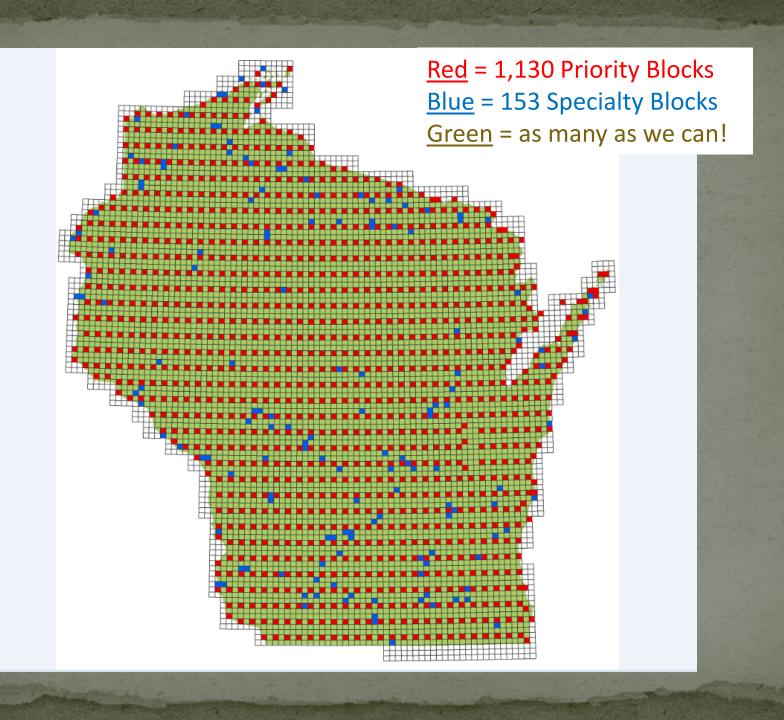




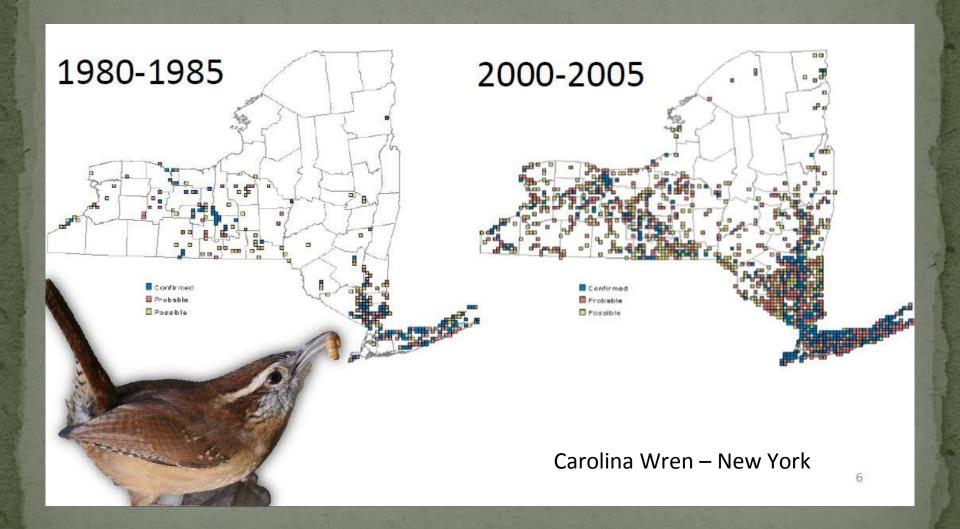


# Atlas Block System





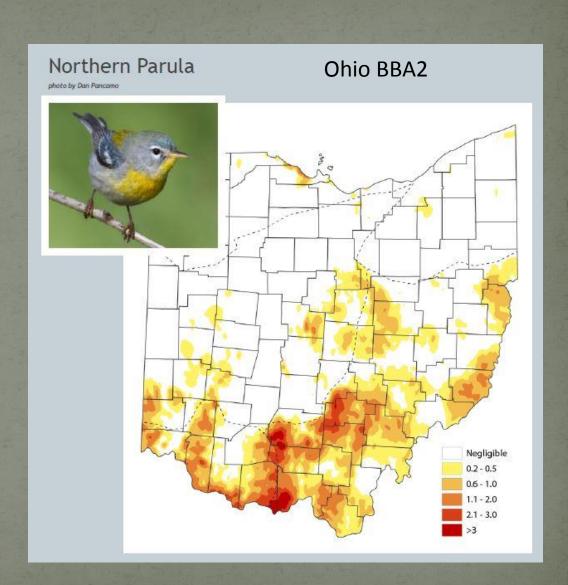
# Population Trends





# Abundance

- Did not record actual numbers of birds seen in WBBA I
- Will now do so in Atlas eBird
- Will be adding point counts by professional staff



# Special Efforts for Target Species

Species that are rare, difficult-to-detect, or otherwise of priority interest







- 1. Raised awareness of where, when, and how to find (SSS's)
- 2. Suggested protocols within your block, e.g. playback
- 3. Surveys utilizing customized sites and protocols

# Use playback wisely!



# Recording Data!

WISCONSIN	BREEDING	BIRD	ATLAS
	FIELD CAR	0	

ATLAS BLOCK INFORMATION

Atlas Year 1998							
Quad Name River Falls 2 ast							
Quad Number 4409015							
Block Sector: NW AE Block worked previous year. Yes No							
(Circle correct sector) CW CE Night survey? Yes No							
SW SE Block completed? Yes No							
Total number of species in block? 17 62 Percent Confirmed?							
Name Ed Heigh ATLASER							
dutess N7676 County Rd. QQ							
City River Falls State UI Zip 54022							
Telephone H (715) 725 8017 w ( )							

#### BLOCK WORK THIS YEAR

Visit	Date M/D	Check right		Field Work		Travel to an	i from home
	3417	ragen visits	Party Hours	Number of Observers	*Total Hrs. of ail Observers	*Total Hrs. of all Observers	Total Miles all Vehicles
.วีต่ำน	6-7		7- 9:15	rai 3	6	0.5	40
M271	6-15		8-10:00	141	2	0.5	.38
501	6-20		6-9:15	РМ 2	6	0.5	40
Såt_	7-4		7-9:15	KM D	4	0.5	25
	7-12		5-7'a	AM I	1	0.5	34
Tue	7-14		8-9:15	AM 9.	3	0.5	36
7							
8							
9							
10							
"							
12							
TOTAL.	XXXXXX	XXXXXXX	12	*******	01	.3	226

<sup>\*</sup> Party Hours times Number of Observers - Total Hours

НА	AB	Species		Date of highest evidence	0	PO	PR	co		HA	AB	Species		Date of highest evidence	0	РО	PR	C
$\wedge$	2	Common Loon	COLO	6-20				DI		-		Ring-necked Present	RIPH		$\vdash$			+
_	9	Pied-billed Grebe	PBGR	U NO		-		-	1			Spruce Grouse *	SPGR					T
		Red-necked Grebe	RNGR						1	VAR	И	Ruffed Grouse	YUGR	5/10				0
		Double-c. Cormorant	DCCO						1	1	-	Greater Prairie-Chicken	,Ch	27.10				
1/11/18	7	American Bittern 🛩	AMBI	5/20				6N	1	LIM	D W	Sharp-tailed Grouse	STGR	W 0				0
/	-	Least Bittern	LEBI	-/50				1				Wild Turkey	WITU	7.				-
Liver	10	Great Blue Heron	GTBH	5/20				OA	)			Northern B white	NOBO					T
-	~	Great Egret	GREG	2120				-			-	Yell Rail *	YERA					T
		Snowy Egret	SNEG									King Rail *	KIRA					+
		Cattle Egret	CAEG						1			Virginia Rail	VIRA					_
		Green Heron	GRHE						1			Sora	SORA					+
		Black-cr. Night-Heron	BCNH									Common Moorhen	COMO				1	
		Yellow-cr. Night-Heron *	YCNH									American Coot	AMCO					1
		Trumpeter Swan *	TRUS								1	Sandhill Crane	SACR	3/1				7
-		Mute Swan *	MUSW						1	-	-	Piping Plover *	PIPL	01				-
LI	L	Cana Goose	CAGO	5/1			-	01	1	VAS	9	Killdeer	KILL	6/11				0
THE	10	Wood Duck	WODU	2				nN	- '	FL	1	Spotted Sandpiper V	SPSA	6/15				F
11111	10	Green-winged Te.	AGW	1		_		0.0	1	1-	-	Upland Sandpiper	UPSA	1 6				1
THO	니	Am. Black Duck	ABDU	5/2				OA	7			Common Snipe	COSN	,				$\vdash$
THE	16	Mallard	MALL	6/1				C N		TW	76	American Woodcock	AMWO	5/1				0
11100	1 10	Northern Pintail	No. Y	2/1				670	1	75		Wilson's Phalarope	WIPH	41				0
THE	- d	Blue-wip a Teal	BWTE	11				OA				Little Gull	LIGU					+
6111	10	N nem Shoveler	NSHO	4				UN	1			Ring-billed Gull	RBGU		$\neg$			$\vdash$
		Gadwall	GADW						1			Herring Gull	HERG					$\vdash$
		American Wigeon	AMWI									Caspian Tern	CATE					
		Redhead	REDH									Common Tern	COTE					
		Ring-necked Duck	RNDU									Forster's Tern	FOTE					
		Hooded Merganser	HOME									Black Tern	BLTE					
		Common Merganser	COME						1		16	Rock Dove	RODO	4/20				0
		Red-breasted Merganser	RBME						10	VAP		Mourning Dove	MODO	271				0
		Ruddy Duck	RUDU									Plack-billed Cuckoo	BBCU	3/				
	6	Turkey Vulture	TUVU	6-20	6					3	3	Yen billed Cuckoo	YBCU	9/1				F
FLH	2	Osprey	OSPR	6-24				毛上		-		Eastern Sc. sh-Owl	EASO	,				1
Fum	6	Bald Eagle	BAEA	3/11			(	RE	.)			Great Horned Ov.	GHOW					
we	2	Northern Harrier	NOHA	4/24		100		ON				Barred Owl	BAOW					
		Sharp-shinned Hawk	SSHA	1100				010				Great Gray Owl *	GOW					
F	2	Cooper's Hawk	COHA	4/10			(SN)	ON	)			Long-eared Owl	LEC					
	¥	Northern Goshawk	NOGO	n' IV					1			Short-eared Owl *	SEOW				- 3	T
TM	4	Red-shouldered Hawk	RSHA	4/20				ON				Northern Saw-whet Owl	NSWO					
-		Broad-winged Hawk	BWHA	1				VIV.	1		20	Common Nighthawk	∂NI	6.20	0			
F	2	Red-tailed Hawk	RTHA	4/19				ON			-	Whip-poor-will	WPWI					T
- um	e 10	American Kestrel	AMKE	4/20				ON			10	Chimney Swift	CHSW	6-20	0			
	T IV	Merlin *	MERL	The state of the s				UN	1	sich	-90	Ruby-the ammingbird V	RTHU	6.21	~		-	10
		Peregrine Falcon *	PEFA						5	lim 2	()	etted Kingfisher	BEKI	6/11				0
-	-	Gray Partridge	GRPA				-		1	1		Red-headed Woodpecker	RHWO	111				1

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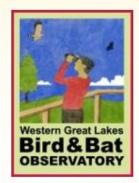
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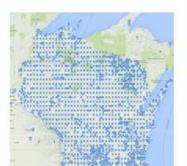
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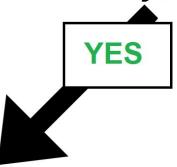
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### About This Project

# Which eBird portal to use?

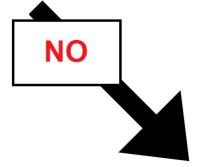
Did you have a breeding code on your checklist?



Entire checklist goes into Atlas eBird portal



www.ebird.org/atlaswi



Entire checklist goes into traditional Wisconsin eBird portal









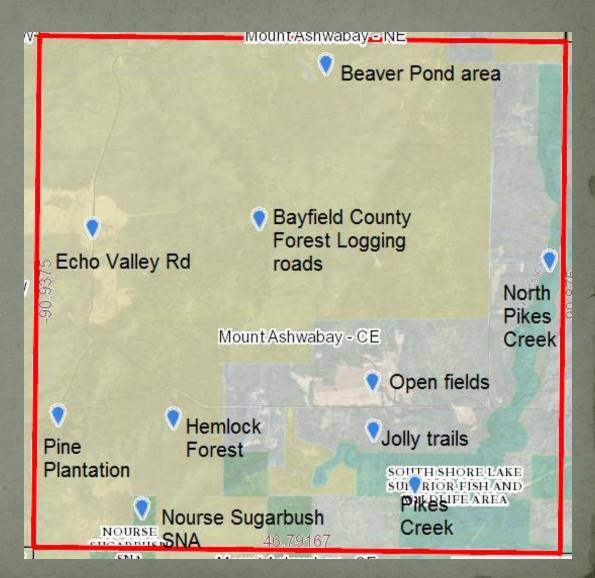
www.ebird.org/wi

# eBird Implications

- Every visit is a checklist captured in space and time
- Includes numbers of individuals on each visit
- May also include highest breeding codes per visit
- ❖ Allows us to record data at sub-block level = increased locational precision = better data
- Observers can easily provide species-level comments
- Survey dates and hours automatically tabulated
- Block-level results for species, blocks, counties, etc. are available nearly in real-time
- All while fully integrating with your traditional eBird account, lists, locations, etc.

### Locational Precision of Checklists

- Submit separate checklists for different property ownerships
  - state parks, wildlife, & natural areas
  - national wildlife refuges
  - county forests
  - private lands
  - Împortant Bird Areas
- Can also subdivide by natural features or habitats when reasonable to do so
- Some species will require exact location of observation



# WBBA II Breeding Codes

### **OBSERVED**

Observed (no code)

**F** Flyover

### **POSSIBLE**

H In appropriate Habitat

S Singing male (no migrants)

### **PROBABLE**

Singing male 7+ days apart

M Multiple (7+) singing males

P Pair in suitable habitat

T Territory defense

C Courtship display/copulation

N Visiting probable Nest site

A Agitated behavior

B Woodpecker/wren nest Building/cavity excavation

### **CONFIRMED**

PE Physiological Evidence/brood patch

**CN** Carrying Nest material

NB Nest Building (except woodpeckers & wrens)

**DD** Distraction Display

UN Used Nest (use with

caution)

ON Occupied Nest

FL Recently FLedged

young

**CF** Carrying Food

**FY** Feeding Young

**FS** Carrying Fecal Sac

**NE** Nest with Eggs

**NY** Nest with Young

### **Habitat Information**

- Will NOT record habitat for all species but rather focus on a suite of priority species
- The habitat classification scheme is identical to WBBA I and can be found online



### Habitat Codes and Definitions

Code	Habitat Name and Description
F	F - FOREST: Habitats dominated by trees. Trees are at least 20 ft tall, and canopy cover is at least 50%.
FU	U - Upland: Upland forests on dry or moist sites.
FUH	H - Hardwood: Upland forests in which hardwood (broadleaf) species comprise at least 95% of the tree cover.
FUHa	a - aspen: Upland hardwood forests dominated by aspens (poplars) or white (paper) birch.
<b>FUHm</b>	m- maple: Upland hardwood forests dominated by maples, beech, or yellow birch.
FUHo	<ul> <li>o - oak: Upland hardwood forests dominated by oaks or hickories.</li> </ul>
FUHp	p - plantation: Tracts of planted hardwoods, usually fruit orchards, with greater than 50% tree cover.
FUC	C - Conifer: Upland forests in which coniferous (needle-leaved) species comprise at least 75% of tree cover.
<b>FUCh</b>	h - hemlock: Upland coniferous forest dominated by hemlock.
<b>FUCp</b>	<b>p</b> - pine:Upland coniferous forests dominated by white, red, or jack pine. [FUCp(p) = pine plantation].
FUCs	<ul> <li>s - spruce-fir: Upland coniferous forest dominated by white spruce and/or balsam fir.</li> <li>[FUCs(p) = spruce plantation].</li> </ul>
<b>FUM</b>	M - Mixed: Upland mixed hardwood-coniferous forest with 5-75% conifer component.
<b>FUMh</b>	h - hemlock-hardwood: Upland mixed forest composed primarily of hemlock and hardwoods.
FUMp	p - pine-hardwood: Upland mixed forest composed primarily of pines and hardwoods. [FUMp(p) = pine plantation with hardwoods comprising greater than 25% of woody cover.]
FUMs	<ul> <li>s - spruce-fir-hardwood: Upland mixed forest composed primarily of white spruce or balsam fir, and hardwoods. [FUMs(p) = spruce plantation with hardwoods comprising greater than 25% of woody cover].</li> </ul>
FL	L - Lowland: Swamp or bog forests, on sites that are wet, or permanently or periodically flooded.
FLH	H - Hardwood: Lowland forests in which hardwood (broadleaf) species comprise at least 95% of the tree cover.
FLHn	n - northern: Lowland hardwood forests dominated by black ash or red maple, sometimes with yellow birch or alder. These are in the northern part of the state and in isolated sites southward.

# Species Requiring Additional Info

- These priority (asterisked) species fall into 3 levels or categories, each requiring something slightly different
- Level 1 high conservation priority (21 species)
  - Examples: Conn. Warb., Henslow's Sp., Yell.-head. Blackbird
  - Exact location + habitat directly in eBird comments
- Level 2 high conservation priority or rare nesters (44)
  - Examples: Red-n. Grebe, P. Plover, Wils. Phal., Yell.-thr. Warb.
  - ✓ If Obs/Poss, eBird comments as Level 1
  - ✓ If Prob/Conf, fill out separate Priority Species Information Form
- Level 3 WSO Review, high priority, and rare nesters (3)
  - ✓ Yellow-crowned Night-Heron, King Rail, & Yellow Rail
  - ✓ If Obs/Poss, fill out WSO Rare Bird Documentation Form
  - ✓ If Prob/Conf, fill out

### Species Requiring Additional Information

Acadian Flycather<sup>2</sup> American Bittern<sup>1,A</sup> American Wigeon<sup>2</sup> Bay-breasted Warbler<sup>2</sup> Bell's Vireo<sup>2</sup> Black Tern<sup>2</sup> Black-cr. Night-Heron<sup>1</sup> Black-necked Stilt<sup>2,8</sup> Boreal Chickadee<sup>1</sup> Bufflehead<sup>2</sup> Carolina Wren<sup>2</sup> Caspian Tern<sup>2</sup> Cattle Egret<sup>2</sup> Cerulean Warbler<sup>2</sup> Common Goldeneye<sup>2</sup> Common Nighthawk<sup>1</sup> Common Tern<sup>2</sup>

Connecticut Warbler<sup>1</sup> Fared Grebe<sup>2</sup> Eurasian Blue Tit<sup>2</sup> Forster's Tern<sup>2</sup> Golden-wg. Warbler<sup>1</sup> G. Black-backed Gull<sup>2</sup> Gr. Pairie-Chicken<sup>2</sup> Great Egret<sup>2</sup> Great Tit<sup>2</sup> Henslow's Sparrow<sup>1</sup> Hooded Warbler<sup>1</sup> Horned Grebe<sup>2</sup> Kentucky Warbler<sup>2</sup> King Rail<sup>3</sup> Kirtland's Warbler<sup>2</sup>† Lark Sparrow<sup>1</sup> Le Conte's Sparrow<sup>1</sup>

Least Bittern<sup>1</sup> Loggerhead Shrike<sup>2</sup> Long-eared Owl<sup>2</sup> Nelson's Sparrow<sup>2</sup> Northern Bobwhite<sup>1</sup> Northern Goshawk<sup>1</sup>† Northern Pintail<sup>2</sup> Olive-sided Flycatcher<sup>1</sup> Peregrine Falcon<sup>2,C</sup> Philadelphia Vireo<sup>2</sup> Piping Plover<sup>2</sup>† Purple Martin<sup>1,D</sup> Red-necked Grebe<sup>2</sup> Red-shouldered Hawk<sup>1,A</sup> Ruby-crowned Kinglet1 Sharp-tailed Grouse<sup>1</sup> Short-eared Owl<sup>2</sup>

Snowy Egret<sup>2</sup> Spruce Grouse<sup>2</sup> Swainson's Thrush1 Tennessee Warbler<sup>2</sup> Upland Sandpiper<sup>2</sup> Western Meadowlark<sup>1</sup> Western Grebe<sup>2</sup> Whooping Crane<sup>2†</sup> Wilson's Phalarope<sup>2</sup> Wilson's Warbler<sup>2</sup> Worm-eating Warbler<sup>2</sup> Yel.-headed Blackbird<sup>1</sup> Yel.-cr. Night-Heron<sup>3</sup> Yellow Rail<sup>3</sup> Yellow-breasted Chat<sup>2</sup> Yel.-throated Warbler<sup>2</sup>

#### †Hide in eBird during breeding season.

Species not listed here or on Block Summary Card require Priority Species Information Form. Check WSO Review List as they may also require a WSO Rare Bird Documentation Form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For all breeding season sightings, include exact location & habitat description in eBird.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For probable/confirmed breeding, fill out a Priority Species Info Form. For observed/possible breeding, include exact location & habitat description in eBird.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Fill out a WSO Rare Bird Documentation Form. If probable/confirmed breeding, also fill out a Priority Species Info Form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>Comments only necessary if probable/confirmed breeding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>No comments necessary at Horicon Marsh.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Comments only necessary at a natural nest site (i.e. not on a building).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup>Comments only necessary at a nest site.

# Field Cards/Data Forms

Field Checklist

- Quick Reference Guide
- Block Summary Card



### FIELD CHECKLIST

Wisconsin Breeding Bird Atlas II



	DAT	E:	/ /					
OBSERVER:								
ATLAS BLOCK NAME:								
Checklist	Start Time	End Time	Survey Miles	Nocturnal?				
1								
2								
Travel Effo	rt between Ho	me and Bloc	k:					
Miles:								
Hours:								
Property Specific Checklist? #1 #2 #2								

CHECKLIST #1 -- LOCATION WITHIN BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_

Species	Count	Highest Breeding Code	Note #	Species	Count	Highest Breeding Code	Note #

								+	+
									<u> </u>
									<u> </u>
				•			•	•	
INCIDENTAL BL	OCK RECO	RDS (not	associate	d with abov	e checklist	·s)			
Species				pecific Loca		,			
Species	Count	riigii bi.	coue 3	ppecific Loca	tion				
1									
2									
3									
4									
NOTES (please match	n note #'s above to	o numbered notes	below)						

## Quick Reference Guide

#### Wisconsin Breeding Bird Atlas II Quick Reference

#### Wisconsin Breeding Bird Atlas II Quick Reference

REQUIRED INFO FOR ALL SURVEYS							
DATE	START/END TIME	ATLAS BLOCK NAME					
SURVEY MILES	START/END TIME	LOCATION WITHIN BLOCK					
TRAVEL EFFORT BETWEEN HOME AND BLOCK (MILES, TIME)							

Separate property-specific checklists within a block are strongly encouraged.

#### INFO FOR ALL OBSERVATIONS

SPECIES | COUNT| HIGHEST BREEDING CODE | NOTE(S)

#### **BREEDING CODES**

#### OBSERVED

Observed (enter in eBird, no code required)

F Flyover

**POSSIBLE** 

H In appropriate Habitat

S Singing male (excluding migrants)

PROBABLE

Singing male heard 7+ days apart

Multiple (7+) singing males

Pair in suitable habitat

T Territory defense

C Courtship display/copulation

N Visiting probable Nest site

A Agitated behavior

B Woodpecker/wren nest <u>Building</u>/cavity excavation

CONFIRMED

PE Physiological Evidence/brood patch

CN Carrying Nest material

NB <u>Nest Building</u> (except woodpeckers & wrens)

**DD** <u>Distraction Display</u>

UN Used Nest (use with caution)

ON Occupied Nest

**FL** Recently <u>FL</u>edged young

CF Carrying Food

**FY** <u>F</u>eeding <u>Y</u>oung

Carrying Fecal Sac

NE Nest w/Eggs

NY Nest w/Young

F: FOREST O: OPEN			S: SHRUB/SAVANNA					
FU: L	Jpland forest	OU	: Upland open	SU:	: Upland shrub	SL: Lowland shrub SLH: Lowland hardwood		
FUH: Uplane	d hardwood	OUA: Agr	culture	SUH: Upk	and hardwood			
FUHa	aspen	OUAa	alfalfa	SUHc	cutover/burn	SLHc	cutover/burn	
FUHm	maple	OUAg	grass/mix hay	SUHIN	hedge	SLHh	hedge	
FUHo	oak	OUAc	cultivated	SUHin	natural	SLHn	natural	
FUHp	plantation	OUAp	pasture	SUHo	oldfield	SLHo	oldfield	
FUC: Uplane	conifer	OUAr	row crops	SUHp	plantation	SLC: Low	and conifer	
FUCh	hemlock	OUAs	small grains	SUC: Upla	and conifer	SLCc	cutover/burn	
FUCp	pine	OUAx	misc. ag.	SUCc	cutover/burn	SLCh	hedge	
FUCs	spruce-fir	OUN: Nat	tve	SUCh	hedge	SLCn	natural	
FUCs(p)	spruce plantn.	OUU: Und	ropped	SUCn	natural	SLCo	oldfield	
FUM: Uplan	d mixed	OL:	OL: Lowland open		oldfield	oldfield SLM: Lowland mixe		
FUMh	hemlock-hardw	OLA: Agri	culture	SUCP	plantation	SLMc	cutover/burn	
FUMp	pine-hardwood	OLAa	alfalfa	SUM: Upl	and mixed	SLMh	hedge	
FUMs	spruce-fir-hw	OLAg	grass/mix hay	SUMo	cutover/burn	SLMin	natural	
FUMs(p)	spruce plnt/hw	OLAc	cultivated	SUMIN	hedge	SLMo	oldfield	
FL: La	wland forest	OLAp	pasture	SUMn	natural			
FLH: Lowlan	d hardwood	OLAr	row crops	SUMo	oldfield			
FLHn	northern	OLAs	small grains	SUMp	plantation			
FLHs	southern	OLAx	misc. ag.		U: URBA	N/RURA	L	
FLC: Lowlen	d conifer	OLN: Nati	ve		UU:	l: Urban		
FLCc	cedar	OLNm	meadow	UUO	open space	UUC	commerc./ind	
FLCs	sprce/tamarack	OUND	bog	UUX	misc. urban	UUR	residential	
FLM: Lowlar	nd mixed	OLU: Unc	ropped	us	S: Small Town		UR: Rural	
FLMc	cedar	OLW: Wa	ter/wetland	USC	commerc./ind.	URC	commerc./ind	
FLMs	spruce	OLWm	marsh	USR	residential	URR	residential	
		OLWI	lake	USO	open space	URO	open space	
		OLWr	river/stream	USX	misc. sm. town	URX	misc. rural	

#### Species Requiring Additional Information

Acadian Flycather<sup>2</sup> American Bittern<sup>1</sup>A American Wigeon<sup>2</sup> Bay-breasted Warbler<sup>2</sup> Bell's Vireo<sup>2</sup> Black Tern<sup>2</sup> Black-cr. Night-Heron<sup>1</sup> Black-necked Stilt<sup>2,8</sup> Boreal Chickadee<sup>1</sup> Bufflehead<sup>2</sup> Carolina Wren<sup>2</sup> Caspian Tern<sup>2</sup> Cattle Egret<sup>2</sup> Cerulean Warbler<sup>2</sup> Common Goldeneye<sup>2</sup> Common Nighthawk<sup>1</sup> Common Tern<sup>2</sup>

Connecticut Warbler<sup>1</sup> Eared Grebe<sup>2</sup> Eurasian Blue Tit<sup>2</sup> Forster's Tern<sup>2</sup> Golden-wg. Warbler1 G. Black-backed Gull<sup>2</sup> Gr. Pairie-Chicken<sup>2</sup> Great Egret<sup>2</sup> Great Tit2 Henslow's Sparrow<sup>1</sup> Hooded Warbler<sup>1</sup> Horned Grebe<sup>2</sup> Kentucky Warbler<sup>2</sup> King Rail<sup>3</sup> Kirtland's Warbler<sup>2</sup>† Lark Sparrow<sup>1</sup> Le Conte's Sparrow<sup>1</sup>

Loggerhead Shrike<sup>2</sup>
Long-eared Owl<sup>2</sup>
Nelson's Sparrow<sup>2</sup>
Northern Bobwhite<sup>1</sup>
Northern Goshawk<sup>1</sup>†
Northern Pintail<sup>2</sup>
Olive-sided Flycatcher<sup>1</sup>
Peregrine Falcon<sup>2,C</sup>
Philadelphia Vireo<sup>2</sup>
Piping Plover<sup>2</sup>†
Purple Martin<sup>1,0</sup>
Red-necked Grebe<sup>2</sup>

Least Bittern<sup>1</sup>

Piping Plover<sup>2</sup>†
Purple Martin<sup>1,0</sup>
Red-necked Grebe<sup>2</sup>
Red-shouldered Hawk<sup>1,4</sup>
Ruby-crowned Kinglet<sup>1</sup>
Sharp-tailed Grouse<sup>1</sup>
Short-eared Owl<sup>2</sup>

Snowy Egret<sup>2</sup> Spruce Grouse<sup>2</sup> Swainson's Thrush<sup>1</sup> Tennessee Warbler<sup>2</sup> Upland Sandpiper<sup>2</sup> Western Meadowlark<sup>1</sup> Western Grebe<sup>2</sup>

# Whooping Crane<sup>2</sup>† Wilson's Phalarope<sup>2</sup> Wilson's Warbler<sup>2</sup> Worm-eating Warbler<sup>2</sup> Yel.-headed Blackbird<sup>1</sup> Yel.-cr. Night-Heron<sup>3</sup> Yellow Rail<sup>3</sup> Yellow-breasted Chat<sup>2</sup>

Yel.-throated Warbler<sup>2</sup>

#### †Hide in eBird during breeding season.

Species not listed here or on Block Summary Card require Priority Species Information Form. Check WSO Review List as they may also require a WSO Rare Bird Documentation Form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For all breeding season sightings, include exact location & habitat description in eBird.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For probable/confirmed breeding, fill out a Priority Species Info Form. For observed/possible breeding, include exact location & habitat description in eBird.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Fill out a WSO Rare Bird Documentation Form. If probable/confirmed breeding, also fill out a Priority Species Info Form.
<sup>A</sup>Comments only necessary if probable/confirmed breeding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>No comments necessary at Horicon Marsh.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Comments only necessary at a natural nest site (i.e. not on a building).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup>Comments only necessary at a nest site.

# **Block Summary Card**

### **Block Summary**

PLEASE NOTE: this data form is for personal reference only -- not intended to be submitted as official atlas block data or to be used as a daily checklist data form. Use eBird for all checklist submissions.

Waxonia Breeding Bird Adas II	_
- AM	E
	ľ

Block Name:
1

	Nocturnal	vey Survey	Travel To/From Home		
Survey Date	Survey		Hours	Miles	

		Highest Breed. Codes		
Species	High Code Date	P	PR	со
Canada Goose				
Mute Swan				
Trumpeter Swan				
Wood Duck				
American Black Duck				
Mallard				
Blue-winged Teal				
Green-winged Teal				
Ring-necked Duck				
Hooded Merganser				
Common Merganser				
Red-breasted Merganser				
Ruddy Duck				
Northern Bobwhite*				
Ring-necked Pheasant				
Ruffed Grouse				

			Highest Breed. Codes		
Species	High Code Date	Р	PR	со	
Spruce Grouse					
Sharp-tailed Grouse*					
Wild Turkey					
Common Loon					
Pied-billed Grebe					
Double-crested Cormorant					
American White Pelican					
American Bittern*					
Least Bittern*					
Great Blue Heron					
Great Egret*					
Green Heron					
Black-crowned Night-Heron*					
Turkey Vulture					
Osprey					
Northern Harrier					
Sharp-shinned Hawk					
Cooper's Hawk					
Northern Goshawk*					
Bald Eagle					
Red-shouldered Hawk*					
Broad-winged Hawk					
Red-tailed Hawk					
Yellow Rail*					
King Rail*					
Virginia Rail					
Sora					
Common Gallinule					
American Coot					
Sandhill Crane					
Killdeer					
Spotted Sandpiper					
Upland Sandpiper*					
Wilson's Snipe					
American Woodcock					
Ring-billed Gull					
Herring Gull					
Caspian Tern*					

		Highest Breed. Code		
Species	High Code Date	Р	PR	со
Black Tern*				
Common Tern*				
Forster's Tern*				
Rock Pigeon				
Eu. Collared-Dove				
Mourning Dove				
Yellow-billed Cuckoo				
Black-billed Cuckoo				
Eastern Screech-Owl				
Great Horned Owl				
Barred Owl				
Long-eared Owl*				
Short-eared Owl*				
Northern Saw-whet Owl				
Common Nighthawk*				
Eastern Whip-poor-will				
Chimney Swift				
Ruby-throated Hummingbird				
Belted Kingfisher				
Red-headed Woodpecker				
Red-bellied Woodpecker				
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker				
Downy Woodpecker				
Hairy Woodpecker				
Black-backed Woodpecker				
Northern Flicker				
Pileated Woodpecker				
American Kestrel				
Merlin				
Peregrine Falcon*				
Olive-sided Flycatcher*				
Eastern Wood-Pewee				
Yellow-bellied Flycatcher				
Acadian Flycatcher*				
Alder Flycatcher				
Willow Flycatcher				
Least Flycatcher				
Eastern Phoebe				

# QUESTIONS?