An introduction to



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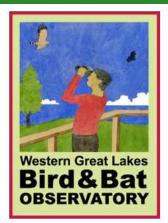
WBBA II Steering Committee

- Nicholas Anich (WDNR)
- Carrie Becker
- Owen Boyle (WDNR)
- Ryan Brady (WDNR)
- Karen Etter Hale (WBCI)

- Kim Kreitinger (WSO)
- Charlie Luthin (WSO)
- William Mueller (WGLBBO)
- Christine Reel (WSO)
- Mike Reese
- Carl Schwartz (Bird City)









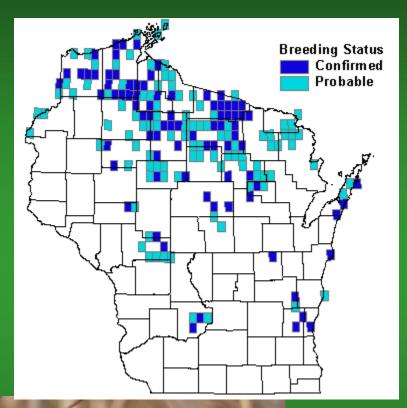
WBBA II Planning Team

Stephanie Beilke Aaron Boone **Rick Burkman** Jennifer Callaghan Lisa Gaumnitz Erin Giese Erin Gordon Kim Grveles Chuck Hagner Tim Hahn Ashley Hannah **Bettie Harriman Bob** Howe Scott Hull Derek Johnson Carly Lapin

Davin Lopez Sumner Matteson Jenny McCabe Matt Mendenhall Florence Edwards-Miller Mike Mossman Tom Prestby Christine Reel Jason Riddle Amber Roth Bob Russell David Sample Amy Staffen **Rich Staffen** Yoyi Steele Tim Vargo

Jana Viel Nick Walton Sarah Warner Ben Zuckerberg Also thanks to: Noel Cutright Julie Bleser Mike Diss-Torrance Michael John Jaeger Paul Jakoubek Jill Rosenberg Team eBird

What is a bird atlas?



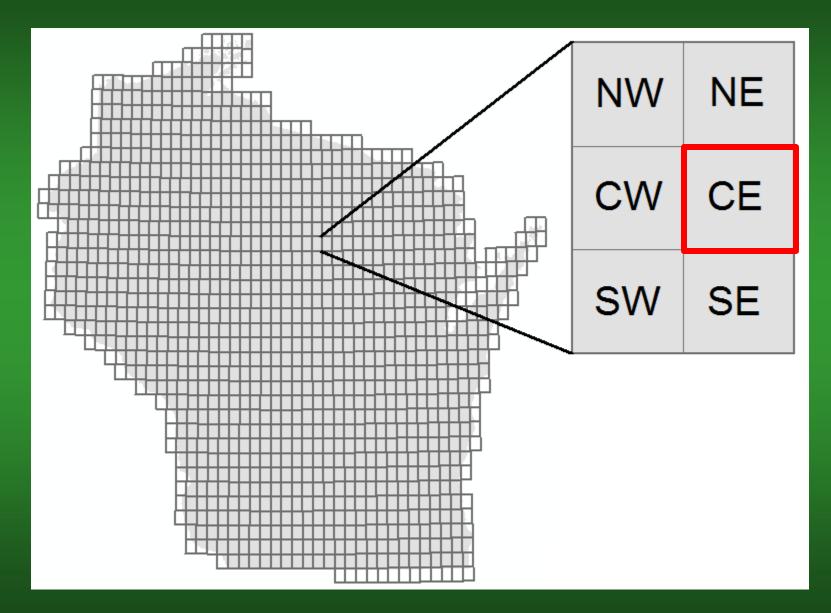
• Document bird species breeding across entire region

 Volunteers head into atlas blocks and report evidence of breeding

• Grid system

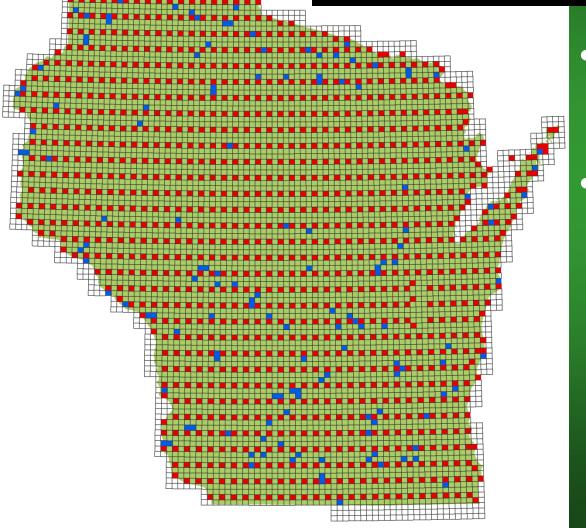


Atlas Block system



Priority and specialty blocks

<u>Red</u> = 1,130 Priority Blocks <u>Blue</u> = 153 Specialty Blocks <u>Green</u> = as many as we can!

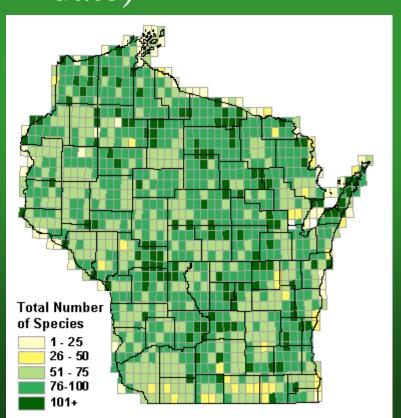


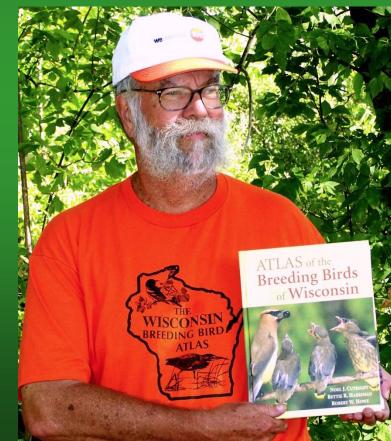
• 3 mile x 3 mile blocks

 WBBA II will be successful if all priority and specialty blocks are completed between 2015–2019 First Wisconsin Breeding Bird Atlas (1995–2000)

 >1600 participants (largest WI citizen-based monitoring project to date)







How does atlasing differ from general birding?





- Moving more slowly, observing behaviors
- Assigning behaviors to breeding codes (e.g., S-Singing male, P- Pair, FY - Feeding Young)
- Classed as Possible, Probable, Confirmed

Major Project objectives



- Examine current distribution and abundance of WI's breeding birds
- Replicate methods of the first atlas to measure changes in bird populations
- Obtain information to guide management, esp. species of concern
- Produce a robust dataset that allows for scientific analyses and lays groundwork for WBBA III
- Engage the public in bird conservation

Uses of Atlas Data

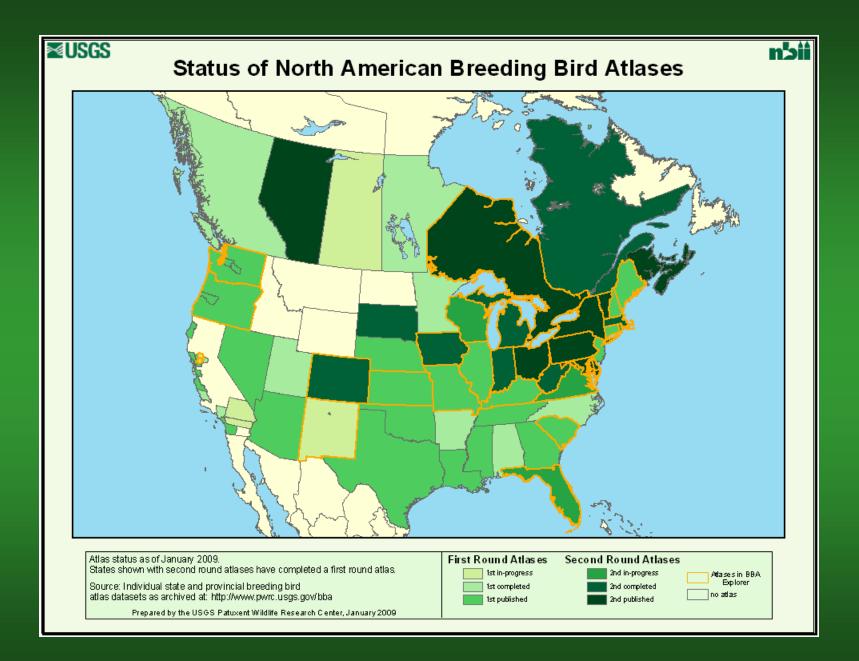
- Conservation planning aided by:
 - Inventory data on properties
 - Locations and habitat data for species of conservation interest
 - Estimates of population size, density maps
 - Information on range shifts, changing abundances since WBBA I



Larger Benefits of an Atlas Effort

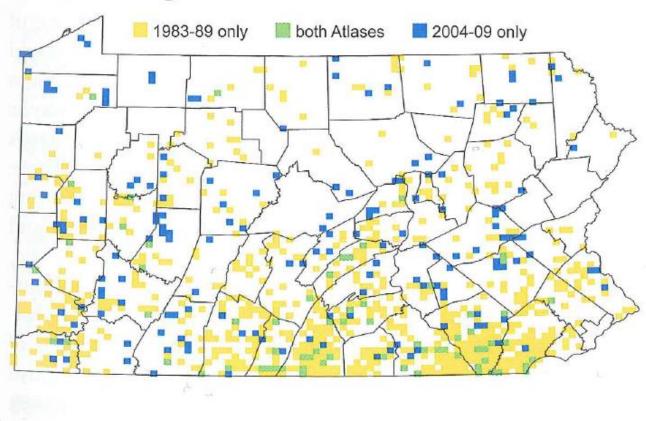
- Mobilizes many more experienced surveyors than could otherwise be accomplished
- Rich dataset for analysis
- Collects information on a broad scale, systematically
- Tracking bird populations can provide an important indicator of habitat quality or change





Results from Second Atlases: Population Decline

Distribution Change





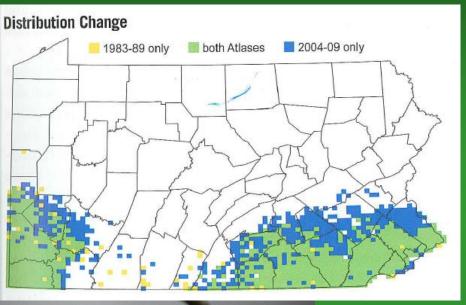
Wilson, et al. 2012. Second Atlas of Breeding Birds in Pennsylvania.

Results from Second Atlases: Population Increase

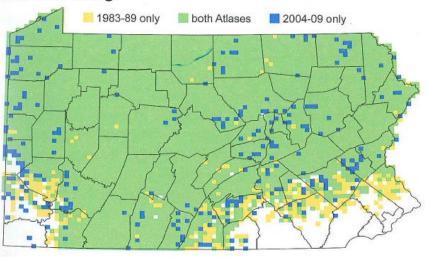


McGowan and Corwin. 2008. The Second Atlas of Breeding Birds in New York State.

Results from Second Atlases: Range Shifts



Distribution Change

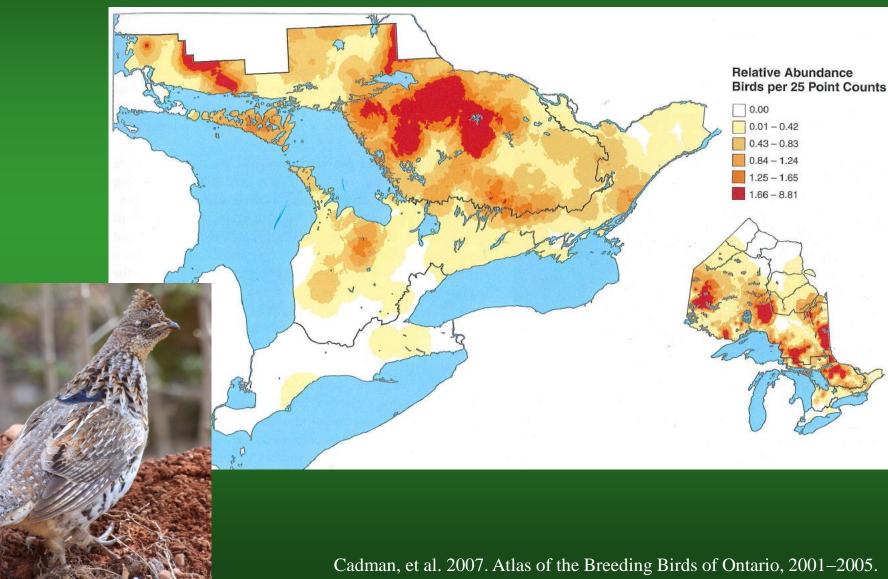






Wilson, et al. 2012. Second Atlas of Breeding Birds in Pennsylvania.

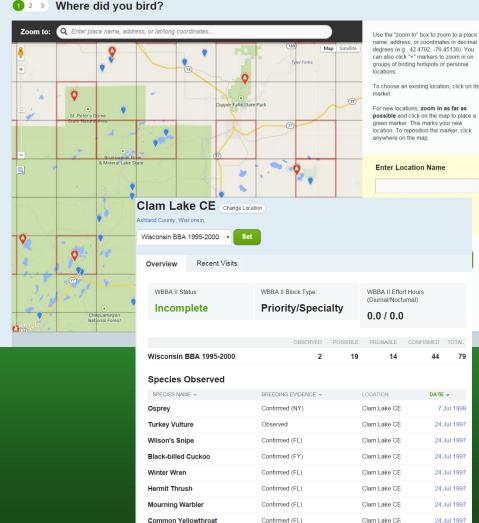
Results from second atlases: Abundance Estimation



Submit observations using custom eBird Portal

Nick Anich (nicka8) * Sign Out

nsin Submit Observations Explore Data My eBird Help



Confirmed (EL)

Clam Lake CE

24 Jul 1007

Blackburnian Warble

- Report full checklists from every visit
- Cover sublocations within a block
- Observations from multiple points within a block get rounded up into block summary

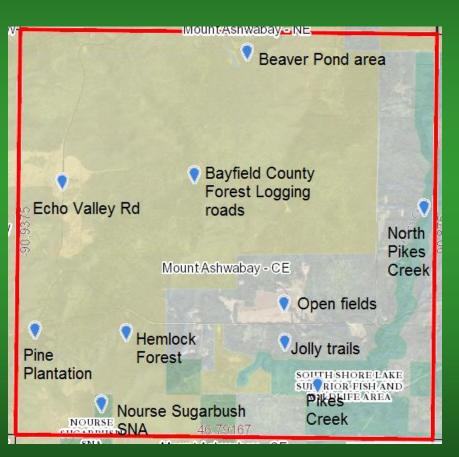
Anybody can submit incidental observations



Even people who don't think of themselves as birders can contribute records

 Sightings are welcome from anywhere in WI

Experienced birders should sign up as the principal atlaser for a block



- Visit block throughout year
- Visit all habitats
- Complete surveying within a block (~20 hours)
- Results in a good picture of birds breeding in a block

Resources for atlasers



 Website: <u>wsobirds.org/atlas</u>

 Handbook, maps, materials

 County Coordinator for every county

iome / Atlas

IOIN THE FLOCK!

TRAINING EVENTS

WBBA II FORUMS

KICKOFF MEETING

SPONSOR-A-SPECIES

Choose your favorite species to sponsor in the Atlas!

Online forums to discuss the Atlas

February 27-March 1 - Wausau

About the Atlas

Conserve Wisconsin birds by joining our bird survey

Birds are an essential part of Wisconsin's culture and ecology. Yet many species face grave threats from habitat loss, climate change, and other human-caused pressures and nearly one-third are imperiled or will be without intervention. To conserve them, we need a current understanding of birds that rely on Wisconsin to breed and



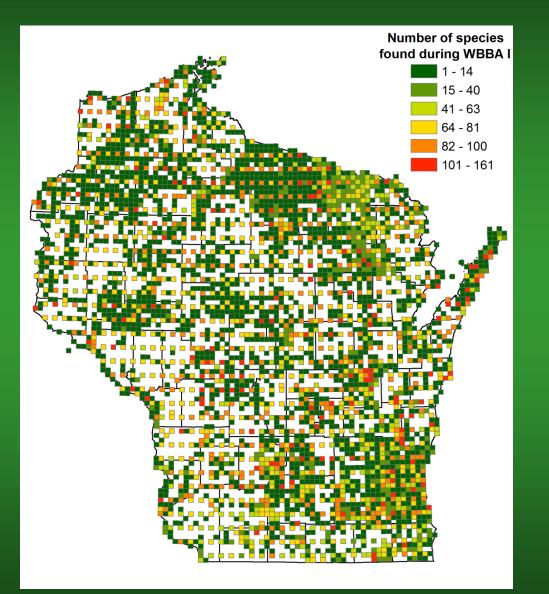
raise their young, Wisconsin Breeding Bird Atlas II mobilizes volunteers across the state to accomplish this — we need your help to document which birds are breeding in your area!

What is the Atlas?

The Wisconsin Breeding Bird Atlas II is a comprehensive field survey that documents the distribution and abundance of birds breeding in an area. The information will allow us to see changes in bird populations since the last survey and to measure future changes. These insights help us identify the conservation needs of breeding birds and try to meet those needs.

Volunteering is easy and fun!

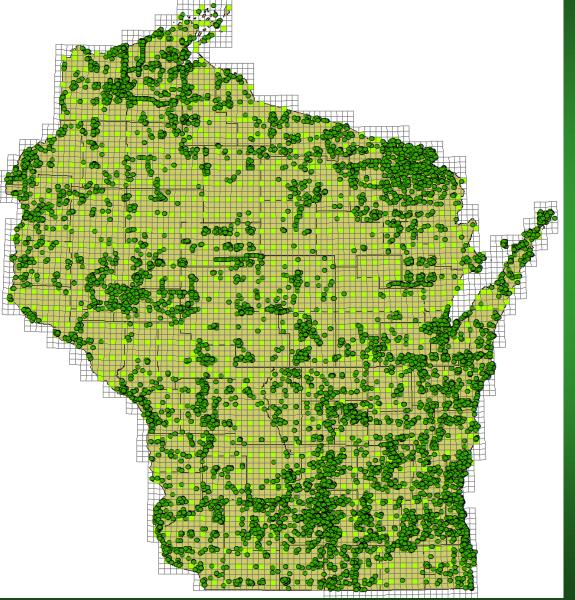
A collaborative effort



 WBBA I mobilized >1,600 observers to collect >170,000 breeding records

• Every observation is a piece of the puzzle

A collaborative effort



- In the first 15 months of WBBA II:
- 800 participants
- 28,500 checklists
- But still major gaps

